

Annex E: List of Allowed Inputs

Note: This list is not exhaustive – it only includes inputs that have been put forward for consideration by A Greener World (AGW). If there is any doubt as to whether an input is suitable for Certified Regenerative by AGW it should be referred to AGW BEFORE it is used.h

Outline:

Fertilizers & Soil Conditioners Materials for Plant Care For Livestock Allowable brought-in feeds Feed extenders Animal care

Fertilizers & Soil Conditioners

- 1. Fertilizers and soil conditioners from Certified Regenerative or equivalent sources:
 - Compost
 - Stable manure, semi liquid manures from animals
 - Liquid manures from plants
 - Organic wastes (harvest residues, etc.)
 - Straw
 - Fish, composted or fermented (factory fishmeal and fish wastes are excluded)
 - Seaweed preparations
 - Processing by-products (such as from horn, bone-meal, hair/feather) in addition to farmyard manure
 - Sawdust and wood chips, composted bark and wood ash, only from wood that has not been chemically treated
- 2. Other miscellaneous:
 - Microbial or plant-based compost activators, not of GMO origin
 - Extracts and preparations from plants
 - Microbial or plant-based compost activators
 - Humic acids, naturally occurring deposits
- 3. Only if soil testing proves there is need for remediation purposes:
 - Natural phosphate rock, low in heavy metals
 - Ground basic slag
 - Crude potassium sales, potassium magnesium sulphate, potassium sulphate (chloride content maximum 3%), only from naturally occurring potassium
 - Magnesium sulphate
 - Sulphur
 - Trace elements
 - Agricultural lime
 - Dolomite
 - Quartz sand

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Materials for Plant Care

- 1. Biological agents and technologies:
 - Encouragement and use of natural control agents for plant pests (predator populations of mites, parasitic wasps, etc.)
 - Sterilized male insects
 - Insect traps (colored boards, sticky traps, attractants)
 - Pheromones (sex-attractants, attractants in traps and dispensers)
 - Mechanical repellents (mechanical traps, slug and snail fences, etc.)
 - Repellents (non-synthetic agents to deter and expel pests)
 - Foodstuffs, not as herbicides but for the control of pest and disease
- 2. Adhesion aids and materials to promote plant health:
 - Preparations that promote plant disease resistance, and inhibit pest and diseases: plant preparations (stinging nettle liquid manure, equisetum tea, wormwood tea, etc.), propolis, milk and milk products
 - Sodium silicate and potassium silicate
 - Spreader/stickers approved for certified organic production
 - Homeopathic preparations
- 3. Agents for use against fungal attack:
 - Wet-able Sulphur and flowers of Sulphur
 - Sodium silicate and potassium silicate
 - Potassium bicarbonate
- 4. Agents for pest control:
 - Virus, fungal and bacterial preparations
 - Pyrethrum extracts and powder, except for mushroom production (no synthetic pyrethroids).
 - Quassia tea
 - Oil emulsions based on vegetable or mineral oil allowed only on perennial crops
 - Potassium soaps (soft soap)
 - Hydrolyzed proteins, as attractant
 - Gelatin
 - Fe(III) Orthophosphate (Molluscicide)
 - Azadirachtin (Neem-insecticide)
 - Anticoagulant rodenticide for use in stables or other housing (only in bait boxes or similar so predators are not harmed)
 - Rock flour, coffee
 - Boric acid, for structural pest control with no contact with food or crops
 - Pheromones, for insect management
 - Repellants by smell of animal or plant origin/sheep fat, only on the non-edible parts of the crop and where the plant material is not ingested by sheep or goats
 - Foodstuffs, not as herbicides but for the control of pest and disease
 - Stem to sterilize buildings and equipment

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- Mechanical traps, barriers, and sound
- Spinosad
- 5. Allowable aids on specialized crops, perennial crops, and ornamental plants
 - Diatomaceous earth
 - Calcium hydroxide
 - Copper may be used if needed, not to exceed 3 lbs/acre annually (copper equivalent)
 - Sulphur preparations
 - Ethylene
 - Carbon dioxide
 - Beeswax, as a pruning agent/wound protectant
 - Fatty acids, all uses authorized, except as herbicide
- 6. Other allowable synthetic aids for specific uses:
 - Alcohols, ethanol or isopropanol, as algicide, disinfectants, and sanitizer, including irrigation system cleaning systems
 - Chlorine materials (calcium hypochlorite, chlorine dioxide, sodium hypochlorite), for use in pre-harvest, with residual amounts not exceeding the maximum limits under the US Safe Drinking Water Act.
 - Hydrogen peroxide
 - Ozone gas, for use as an irrigation system cleaner only
 - Peracetic acid, for use in disinfecting equipment, seed and asexually propagated planting material

For Livestock

The normal feed and nutrition of livestock in the Certified Regenerative by AGW **holding** is intended to be produced by the **holding** itself; therefore, feeds should not be brought-in as a regular practice. The following brought-in feeds are allowable under specific conditions and must be authorized as an exception by A Greener World on a situational basis. Potential examples of situations that may warrant exception are in severe drought, crop failure due to disease, and special nutrition needs for sick animals.

Note: Holdings may plan and trade output with other Certified Regenerative partners, such as **cooperative** members.

- 1. Ruminant diets
 - Basic staple feeds like hay, straw, silage, maize and beets
 - Grain, bran, grain offal
 - Pulses
 - Hay made from foliage
 - Herbs
 - Molasses
 - Grassland and arable products not mentioned elsewhere
 - Fodder mixes containing the above-mentioned ingredients
 - Litter of fruits and vegetables
 - By-products of processing (animal products excluded)
- 2. Pigs (in addition to the feeds listed as above)
 - Milk products and skim milk powder without additives
 - Plant oils of natural origin (providing there is no concern about residue levels)

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- Clean vegetable litter
- 3. Poultry (in addition to the feeds listed as above)
 - Milled dried herbage
 - Paprika powder

Allowable Feed Extenders and Additives

- Stock salt
- Calcified seaweed, feed lime, lime from seashells
- Seaweed
- Mixtures of minerals and vitamin preparations allowed in organic production. Synthetic amino acids are not permitted
- Rock flour, cod liver oil, carob
- Plant oil, bran, brewers yeast, molasses as a carrier in mineral concentrates or as an aid to reduce dust, or as an aid in pressing (max. 2% of the production ration)
- For beekeeping: sugar
- The following are allowed as aids in the silage making process:
 - Feed grade sugar
 - Grain meals from grain produced to these standards
 - Lactic acid promotion agents
 - Whey
 - Molasses, salt, wet and dry cuttings

Standards Consulted:

Demeter/BioDynamic Inputs

http://www.demeter-usa.org/downloads/Demeter-Farm-Standard.pdf

Permitted & restricted fertilizers & soil conditioners Allowed materials & methods plant care Allowed brought-in feeds Allowed feed extenders and additives

Soil Association Approved Inputs

https://www.soilassociation.org/farmers-growers/technicalinformation/approved-inputs-fororganic-farms/

Fertilizers Composts Microorganisms

EU Organic https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?uri=CELEX:32008R0889

NOP List of Allowed and Prohibited Substances

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